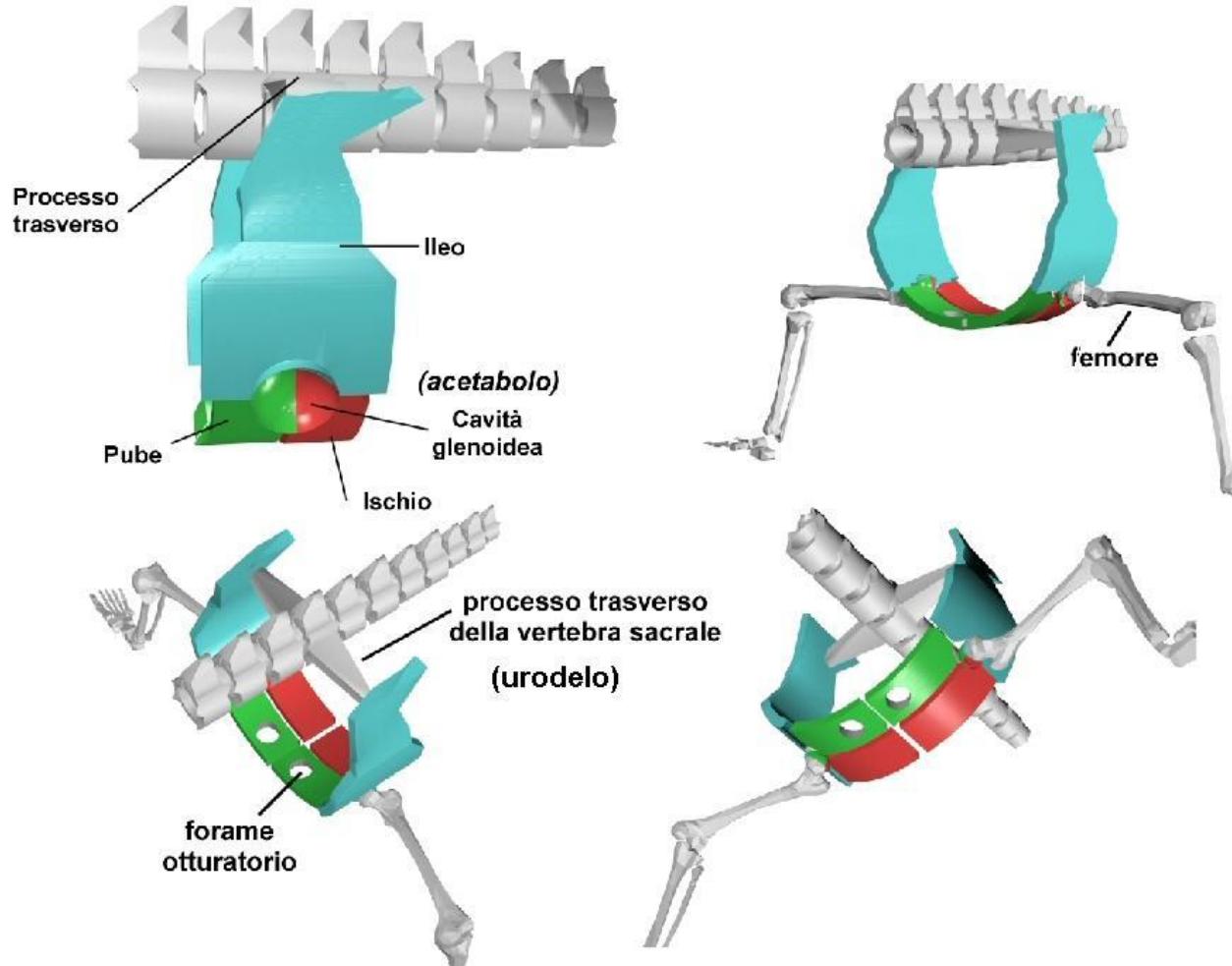


Adattamento al salto alla corsa ed al volo

I cinti: pelvico

Il cinto pelvico si è sviluppato nei tetrapodi per deambulare sulla terraferma. È costituito da tre ossa di sostituzione: ILEO, ISCHIO e PUBE



ARTO

Schema generale:

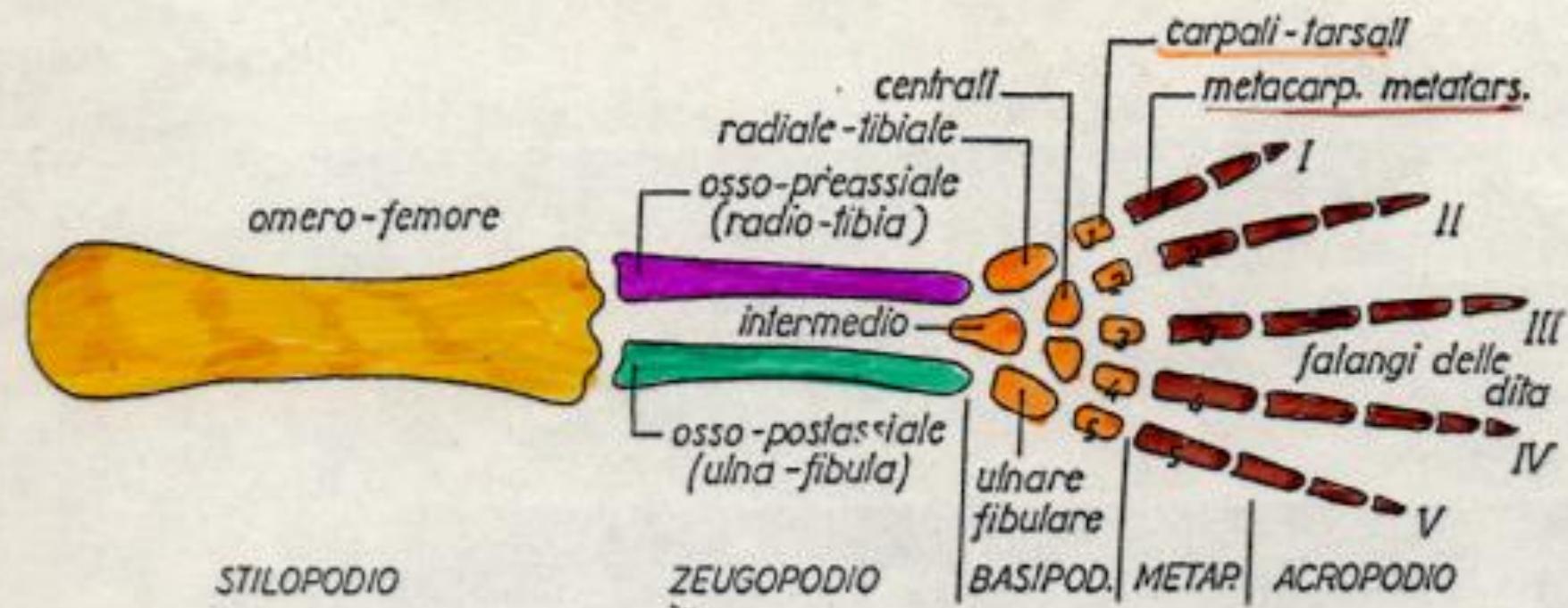
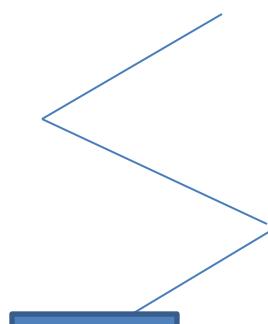
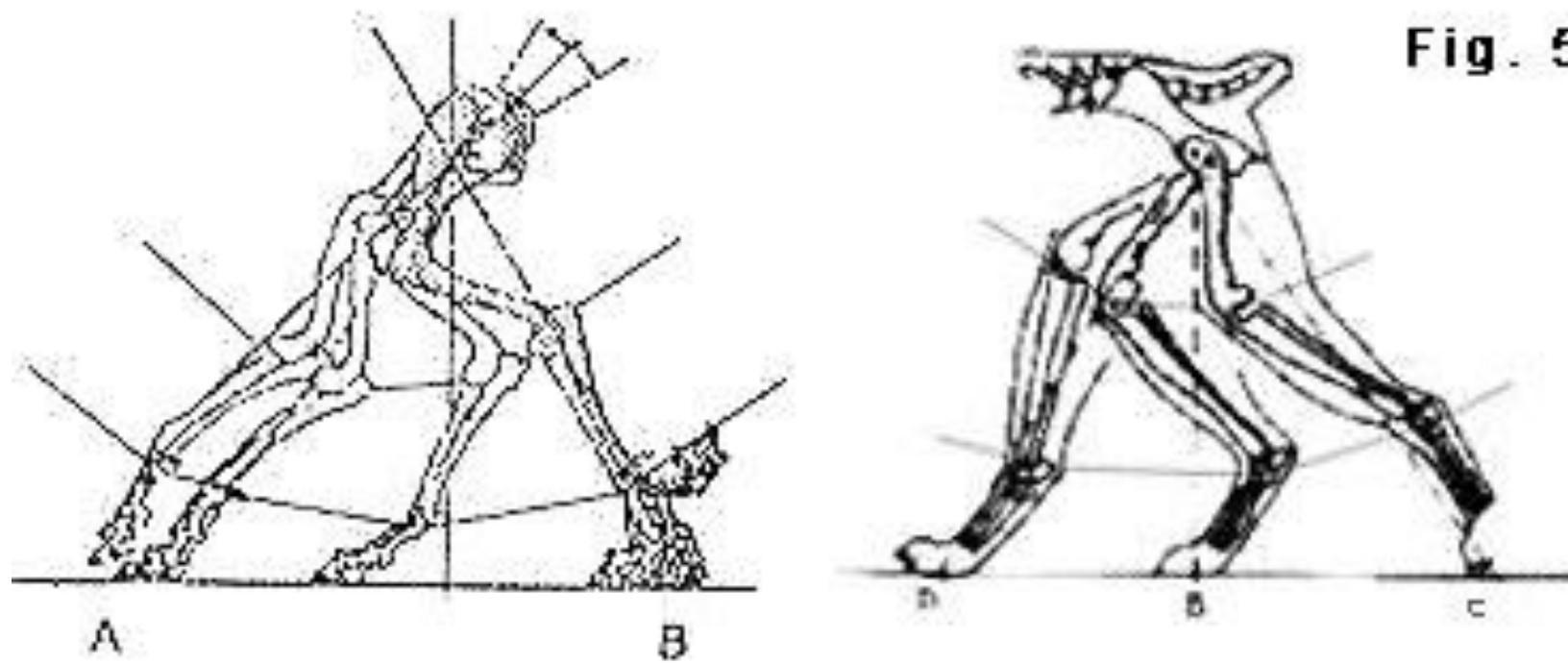
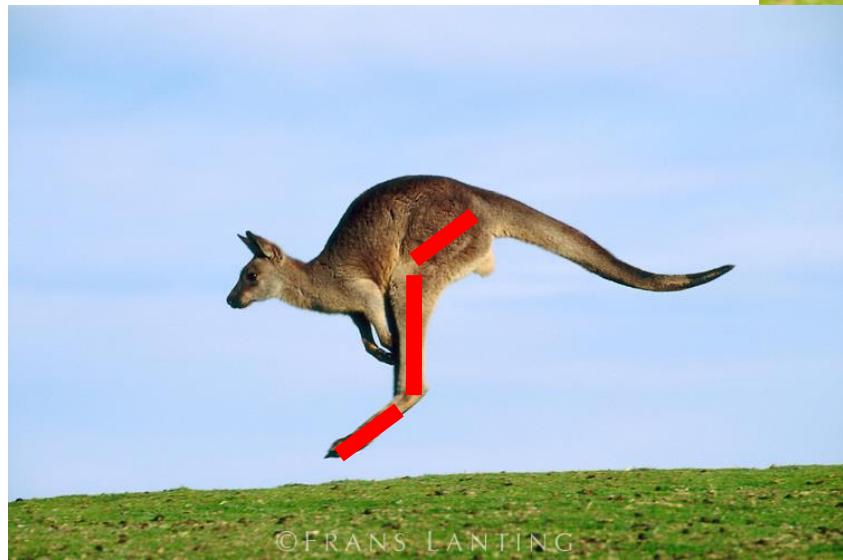
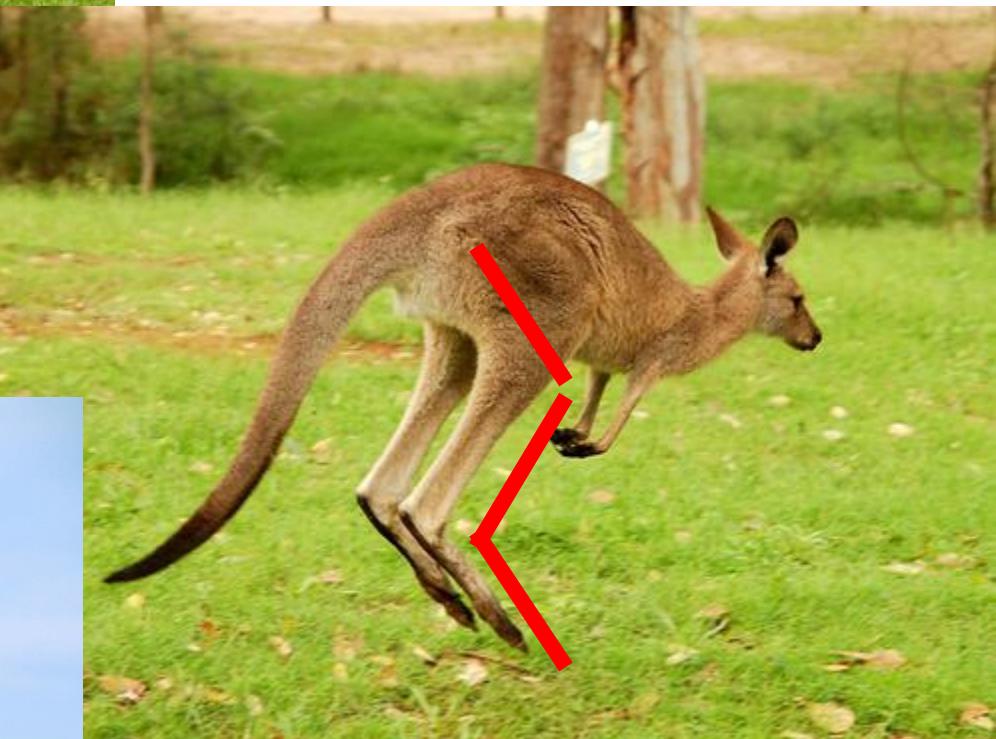


Fig. 5







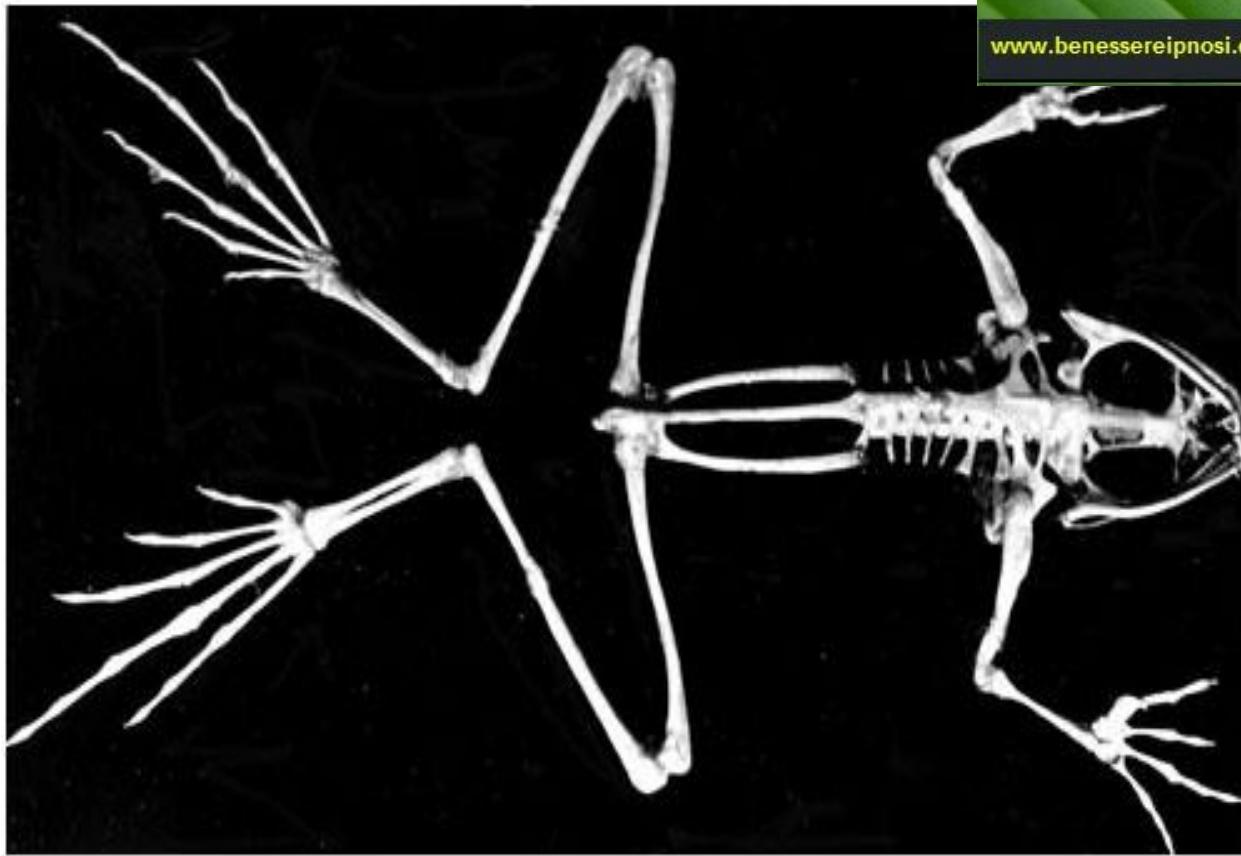
Galago senegalensis: pro-scimmia

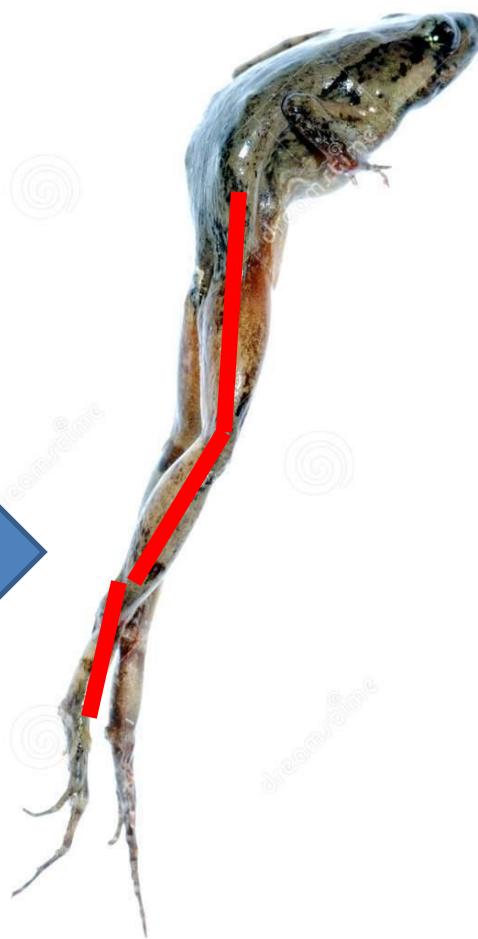
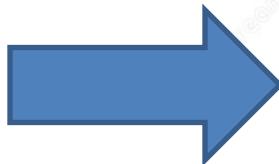
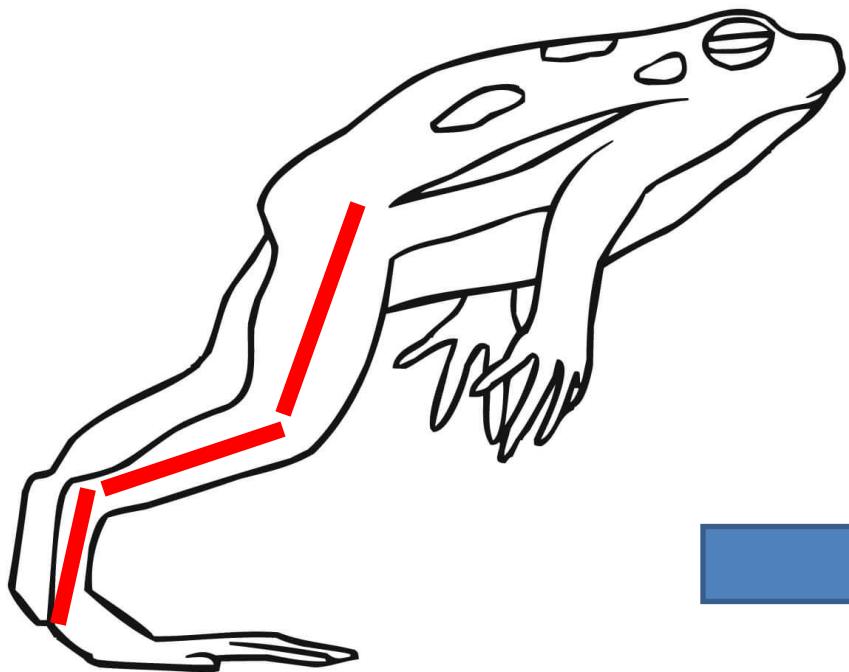




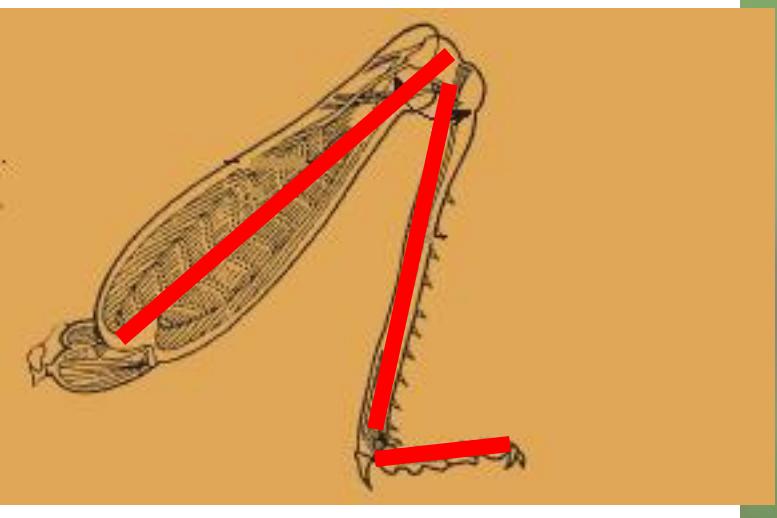


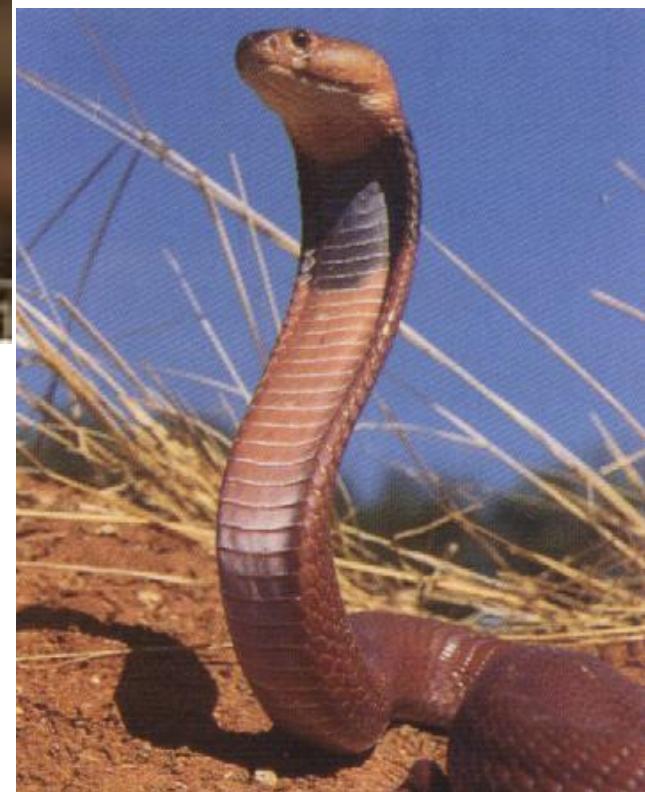
www.benessereipnosi.com

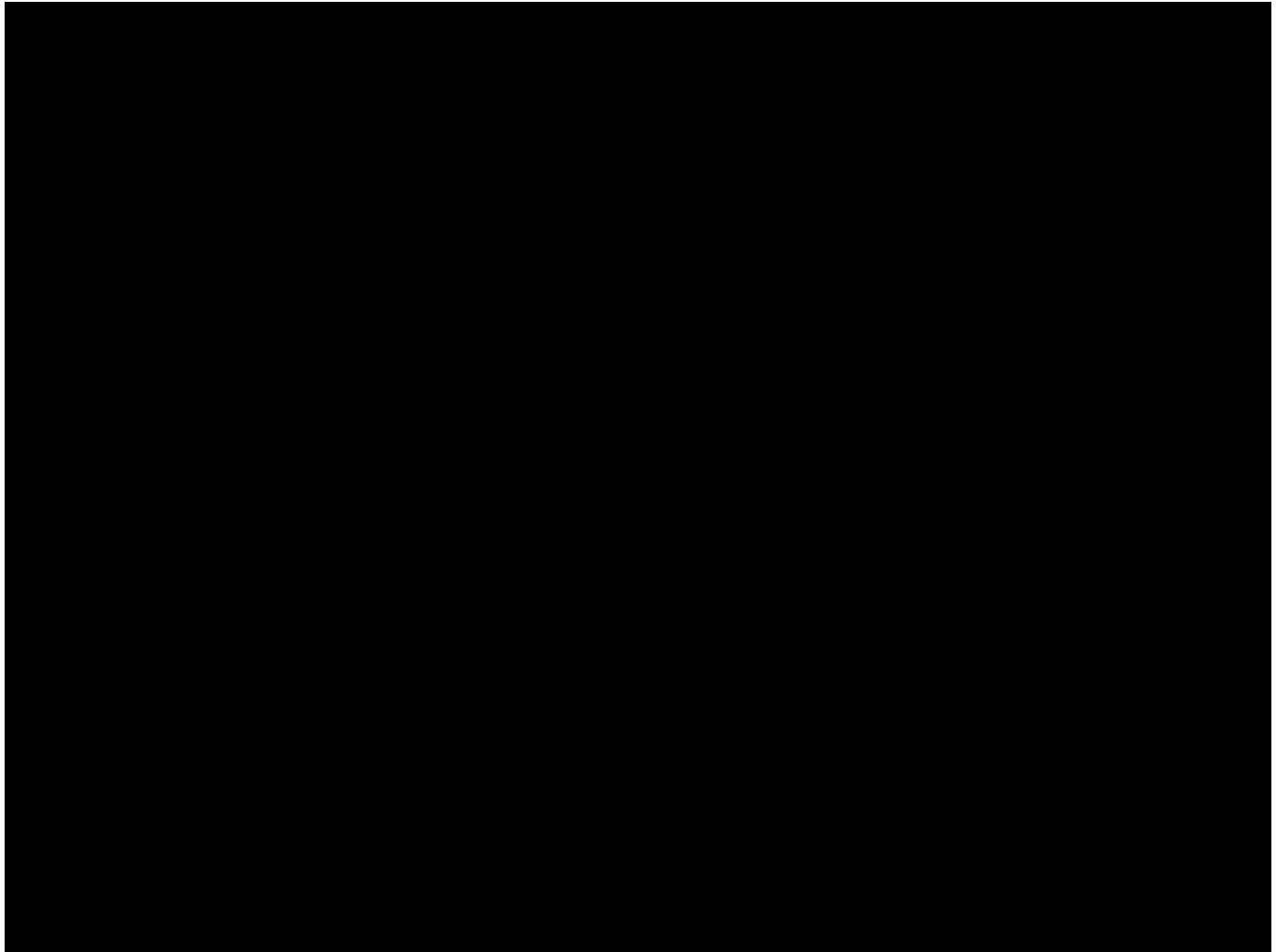




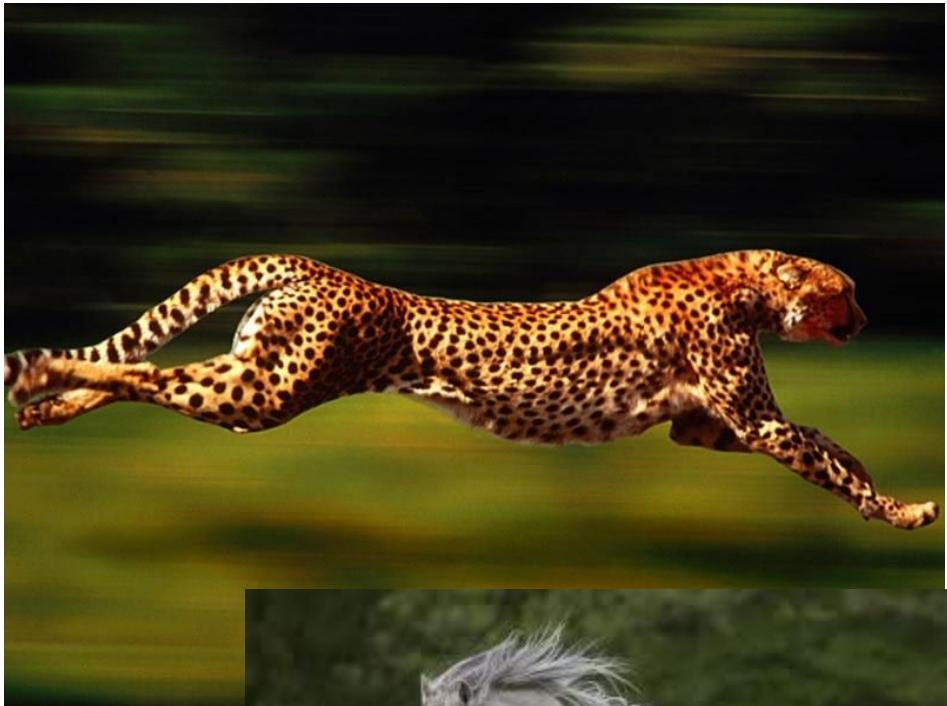
paint the world.
SUPER
COLORING

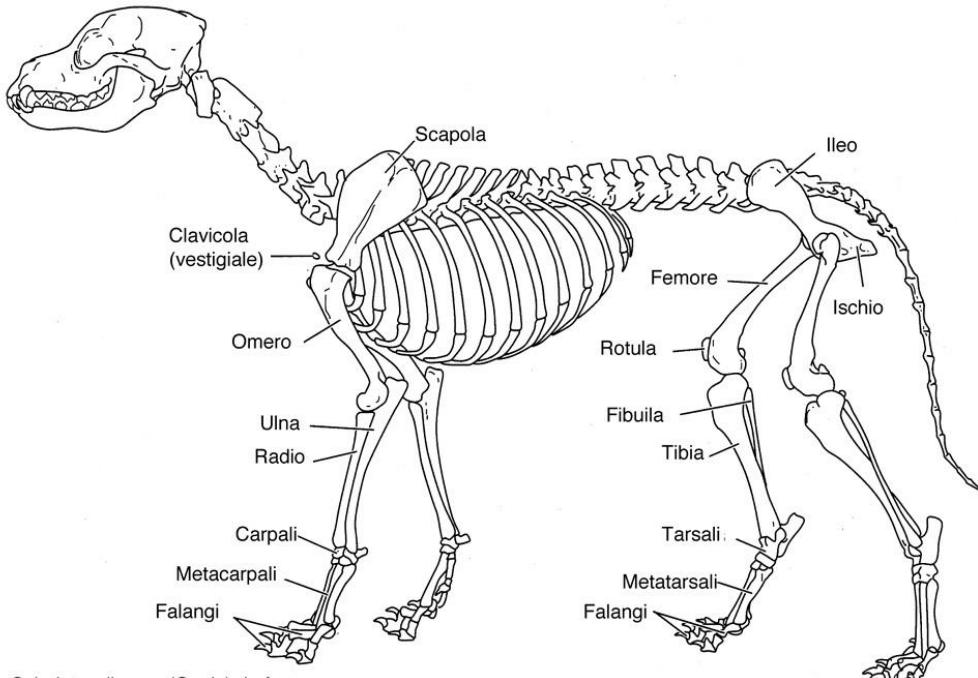




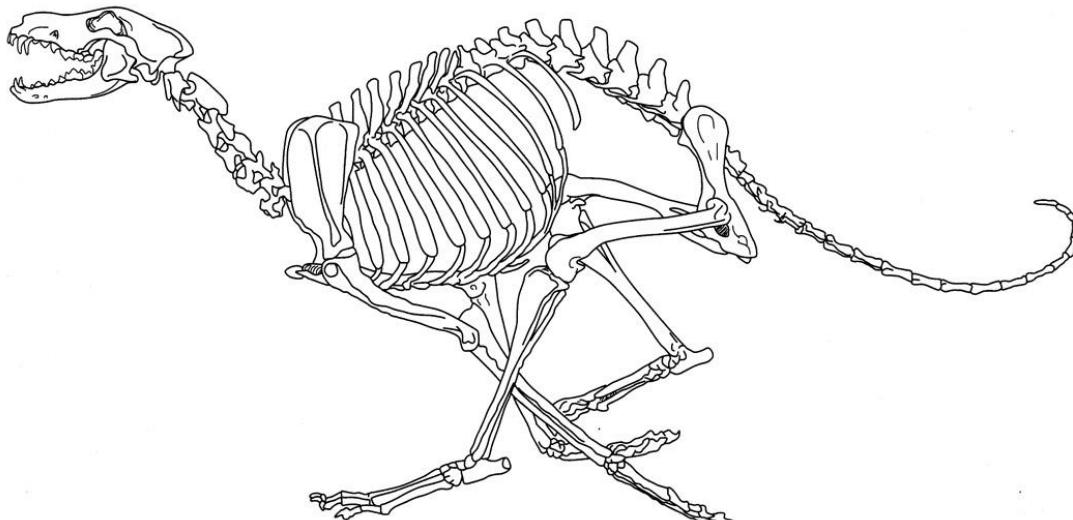


La corsa è una serie di salti!

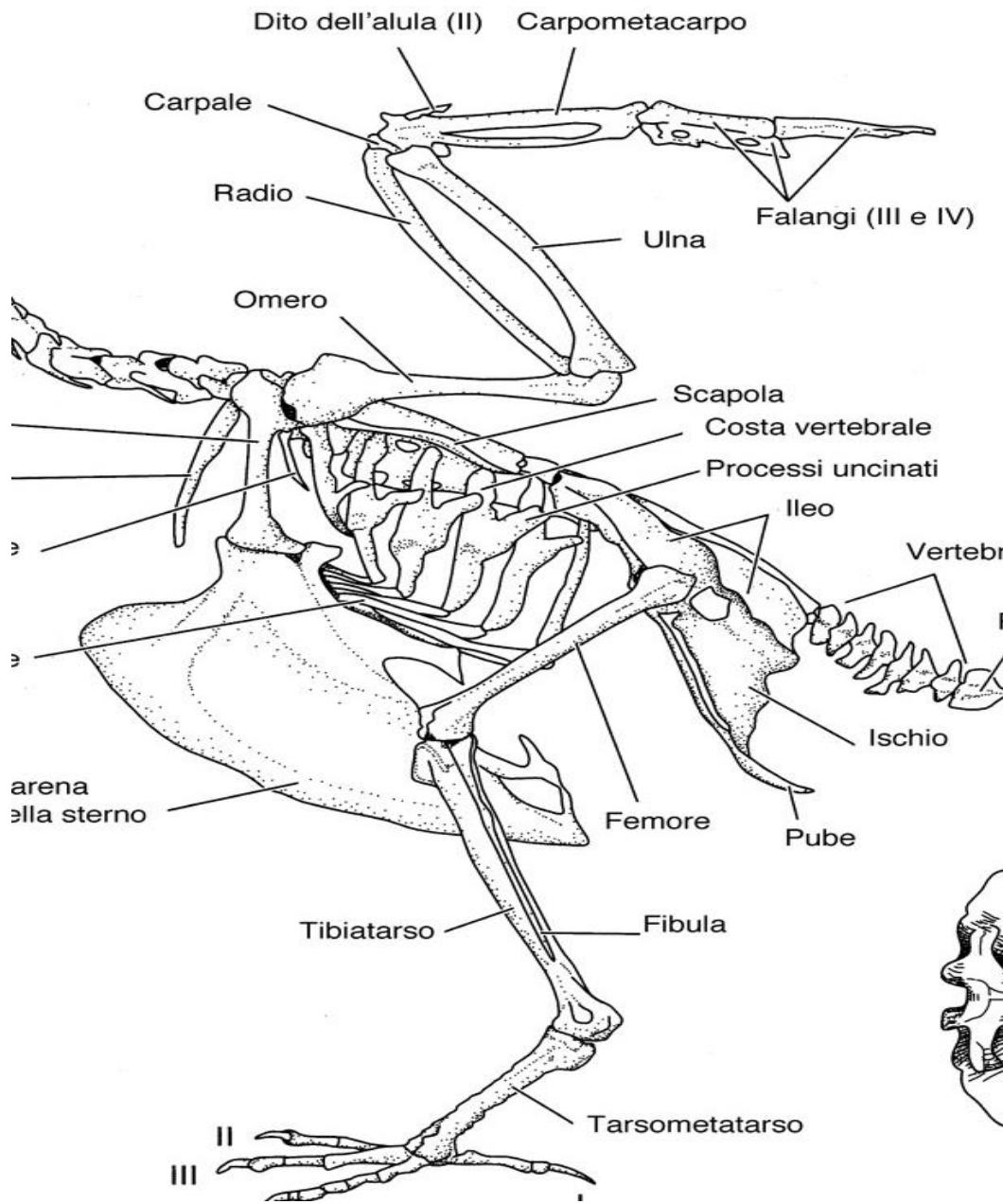




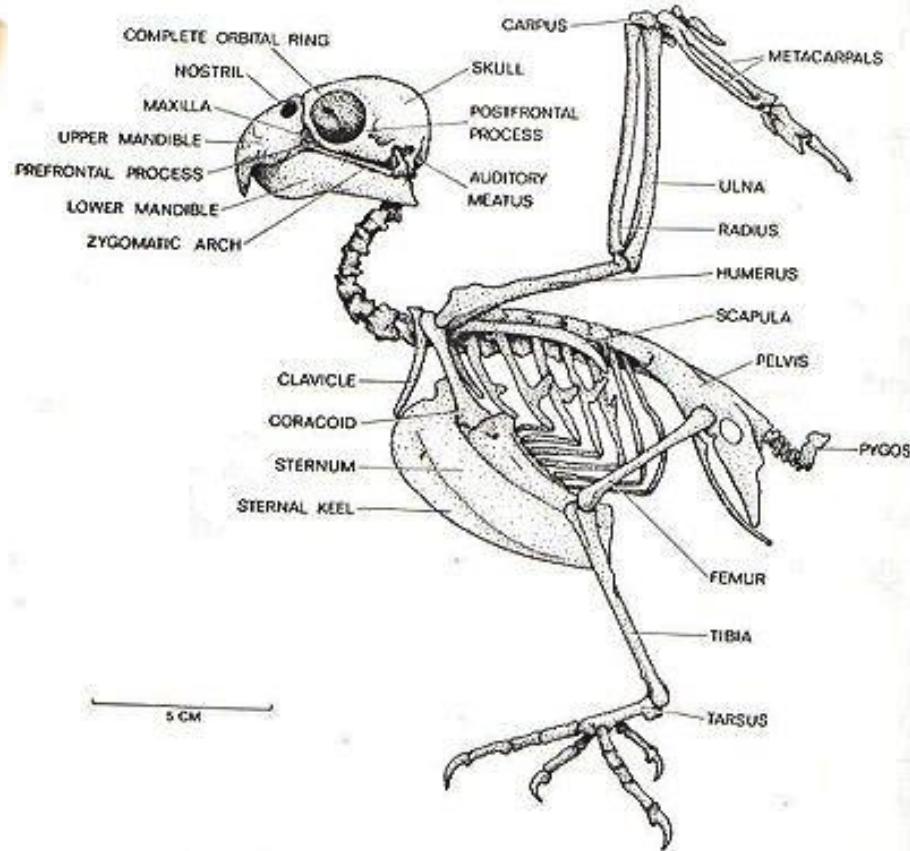
A. Scheletro di cane (*Canis*) da fermo

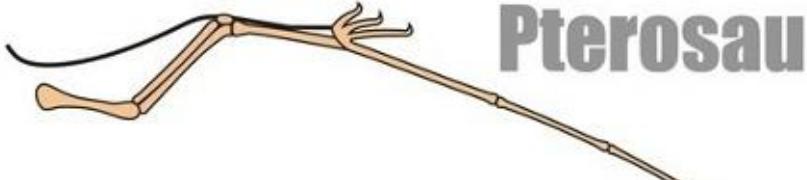


B. Scheletro di cane (*Canis*) durante la fase del balzo del galoppo



Il cinto scapolare

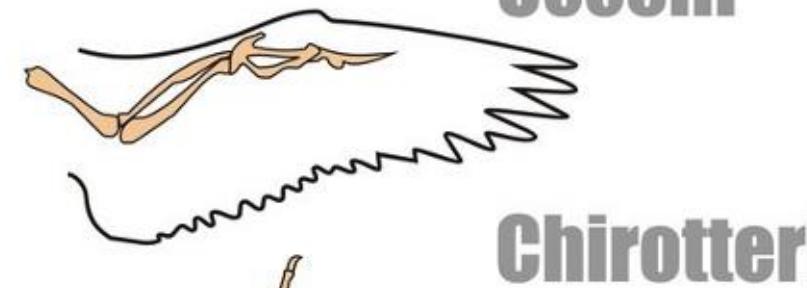




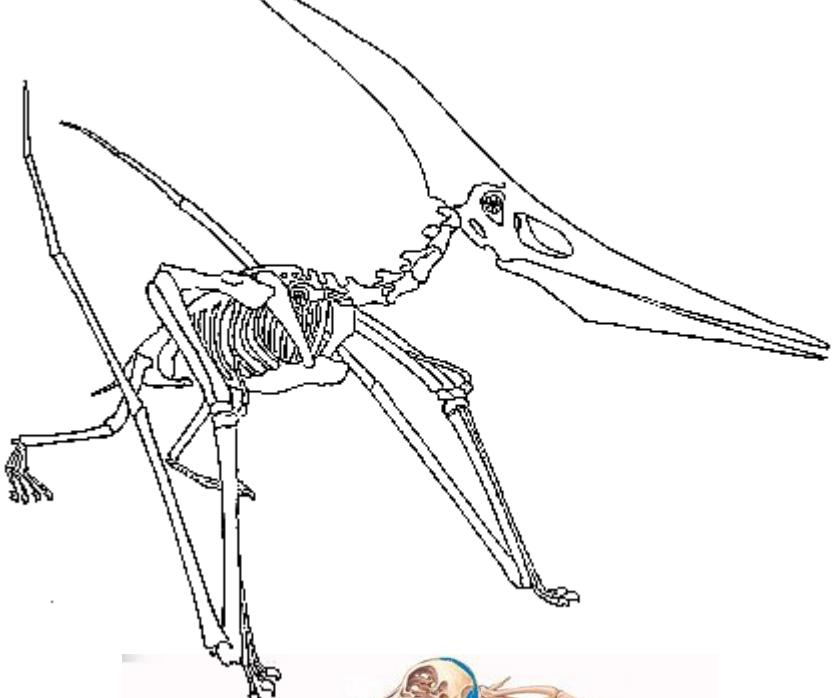
Pterosauri



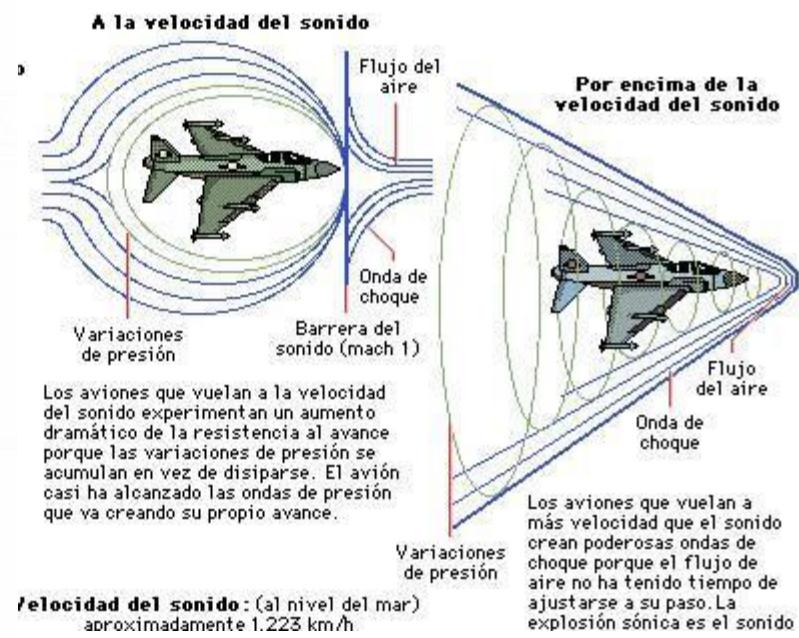
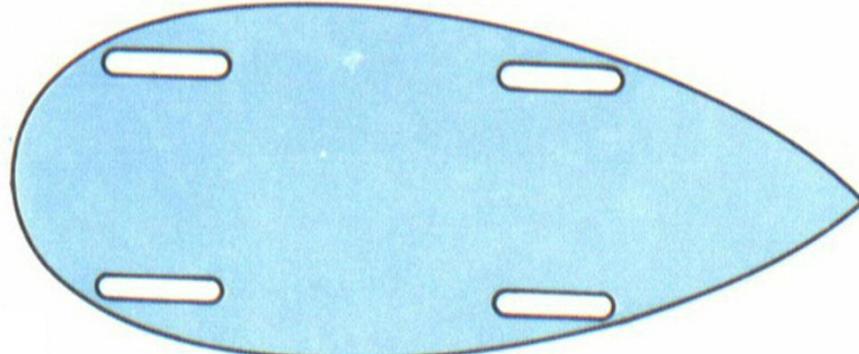
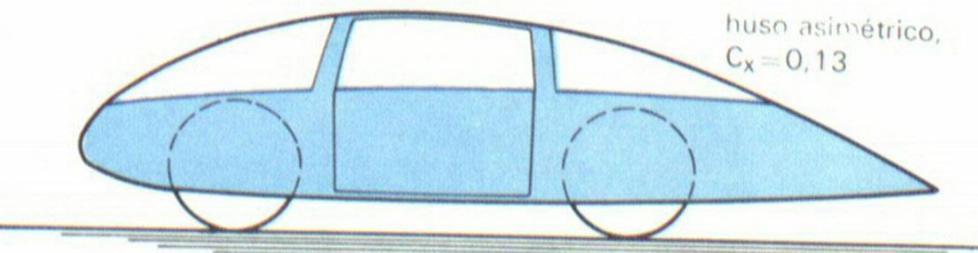
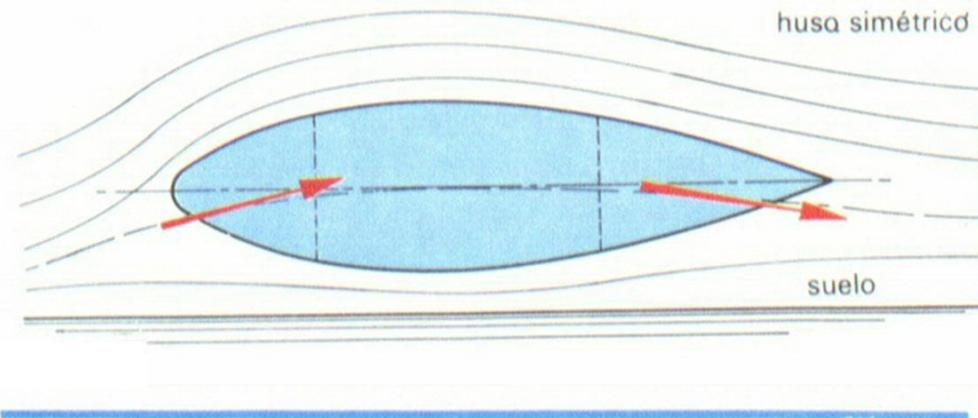
Uccelli



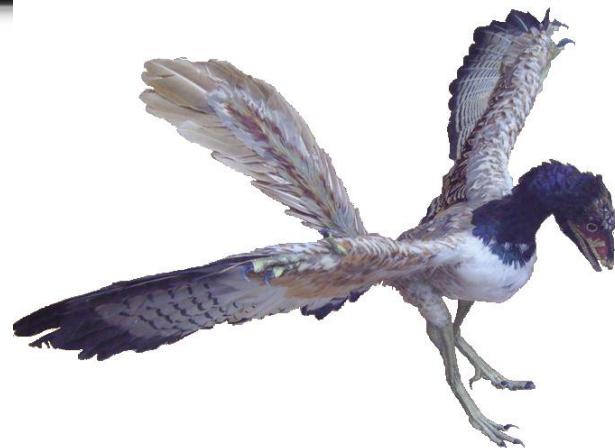
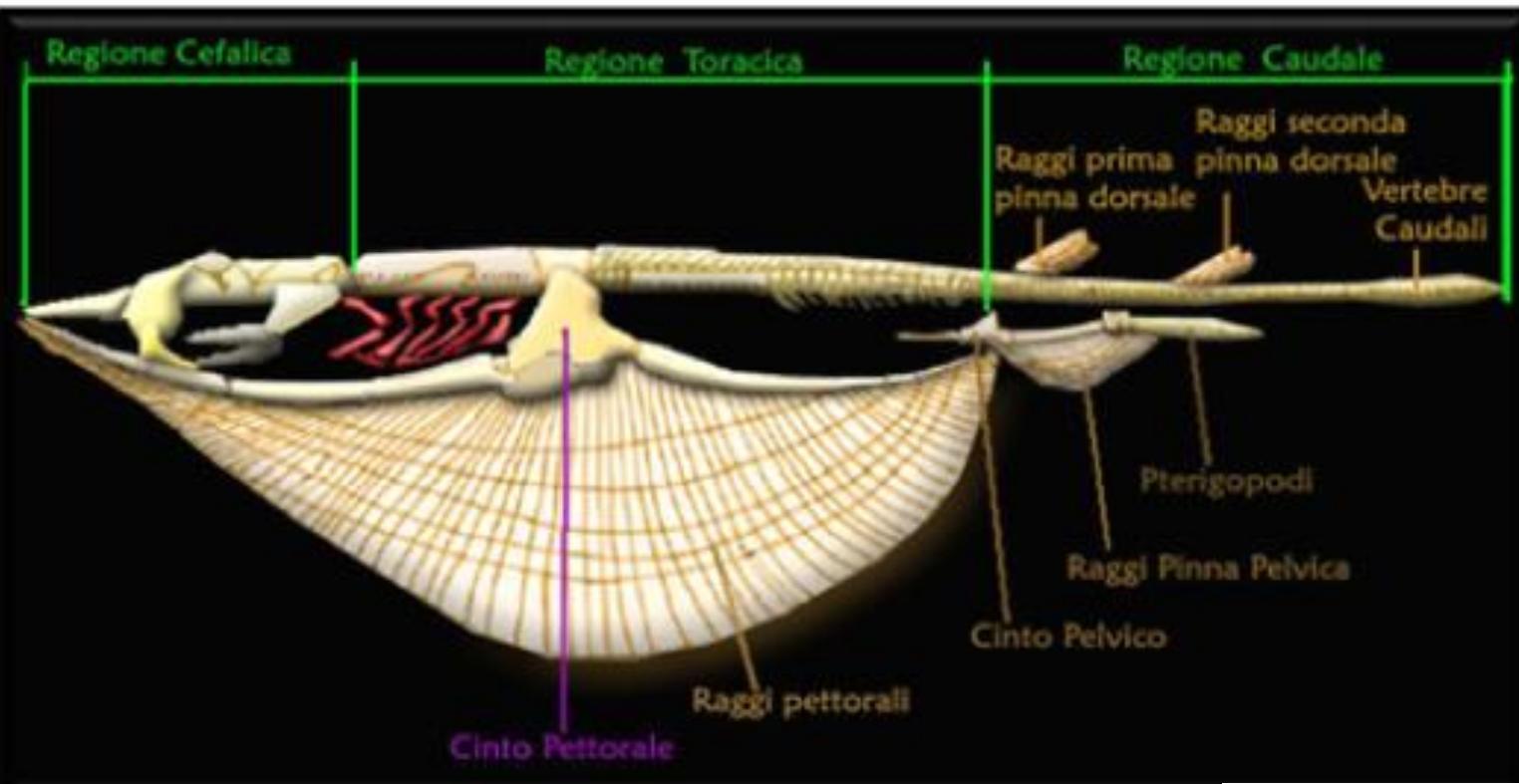
Chirotteri



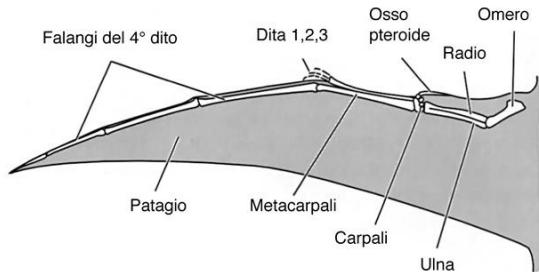
La forma?



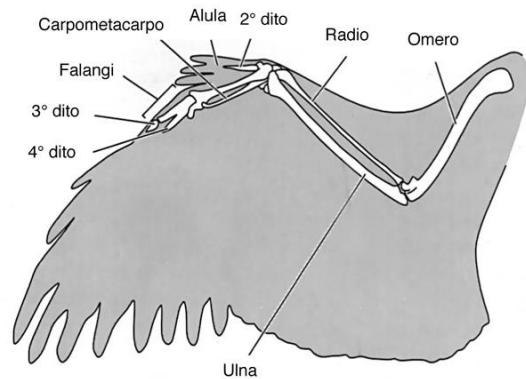
PLANARE...NON VOLARE!



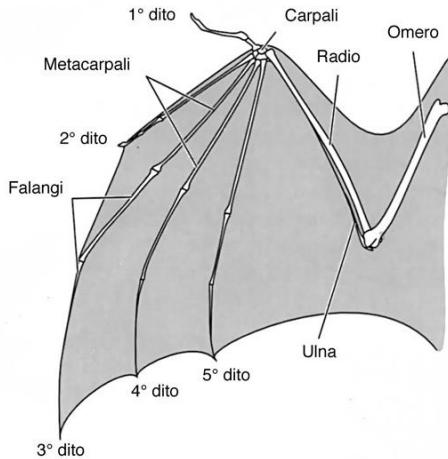
Adattamento al volo



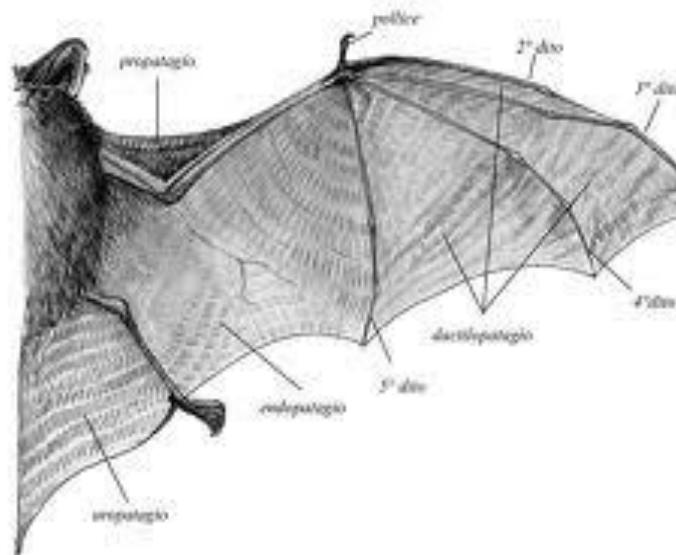
A. Ala di †Pterosauro



B. Ala d'uccello



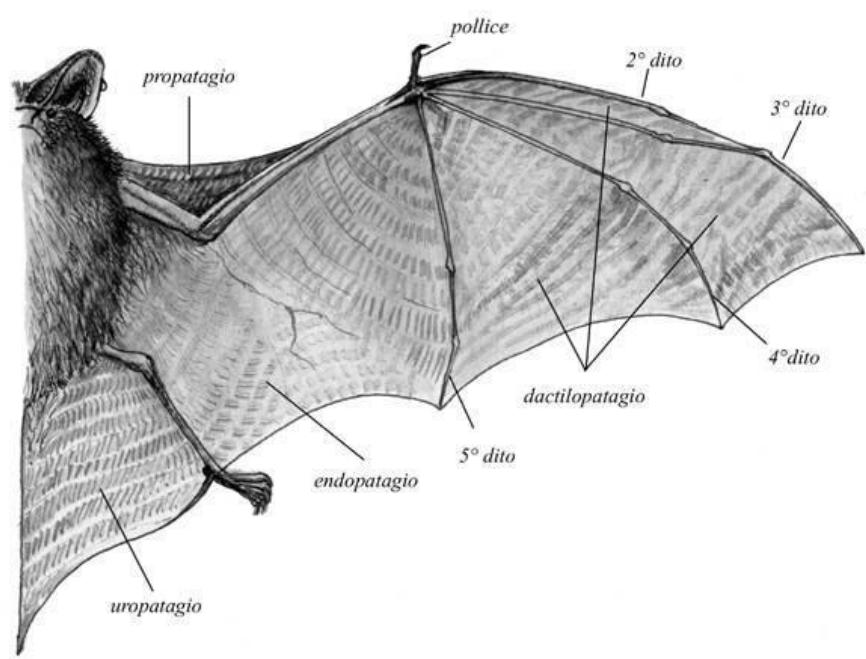
C. Ala di pipistrello





Vessillo





CIAO...ci vediamo in laboratorio!

